Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2016/Jan.2017 **File Structures**

Max. Marks:100 Time: 3 hrs.

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- What are the three distinct operations that contribute to the total cost of access on disk? (04 Marks) 1 Implement UNIX command grep. Display output of your program on standard output. (06 Marks) b.
 - Explain the following functions:
 - i) Open a file
 - (10 Marks) ii) Close a file.
- What is a record? Explain different methods for organizing records of a file with example. (11 Marks) 2 a.
- (06 Marks)
 - Explain the concept of Inheritance using the I/O buffer class hierarchy. (03 Marks) Explain the tools available in UNIX for sequential processing of file. b. c.
- Briefly explain with example how spaces can be reclaimed dynamically in fixed length 3
 - records. (12 Marks) Explain the different operations required to maintain indexed file. b.
- Explain how co-sequential is implemented in a general ledger program. (10 Marks) (10 Marks) 4 a.
 - Explain with an example, the K-way merge algorithm.

PART - B

- In detail, discuss paged binary tree. What are its advantages and disadvantages? (10 Marks) 5 (10 Marks)
 - What is B-tree? Explain deletion, merging and redistribution of elements on B-tree. b.
- What is indexed sequential access? Explain the block splitting and merging due to insertion 6 a. and deletion in sequence set with example. (10 Marks)
 - With a diagram, explain simple prefix \hat{B}^{\dagger} trees and its maintenance. b.
- What is hashing? Explain the simple hashing algorithm with example. (10 Marks) 7 a.
 - What is collision? Explain the process of collision resolution by progressive over flow b. technique.
- (10 Marks) Explain the working of extendible hashing in detail. 8 a.
 - Write short notes on: b.
 - i) Pinned records
 - ii) Dynamic hashing.

(10 Marks)

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